



# HEDIS<sup>®</sup> Tip Sheet 2020 Medicaid Child and Adolescent Measures

The National Committee for Quality Assurance (NCQA) has developed Healthcare Effectiveness Data and Information Set (HEDIS) measures as a tool for performance improvement. We collect HEDIS data from our providers to measure and improve the quality of care our members receive. The NCQA recommends tracking the following HEDIS measures for our members.

#### **HEDIS Measures**



of Life **(W30)** 

• Well-Child Visits in the First 30 Months

- Child and Adolescent Well-Care Visits (WCV)
- Weight Assessment and Counseling for Nutrition and Physical Activity for Children/Adolescents (WCC) Childhood Immunization Status (CIS) Combo 10
- Immunizations for Adolescents (IMA)
- Appropriate Treatment of Children with Upper Respiratory Infection (**URI**)

#### How to improve HEDIS scores

On the following page are measure definitions, documentation requirements and helpful tips you may choose to follow to improve HEDIS scores. Compliance with HEDIS measures reduces the need for you to send additional medical records later for review. You may also refer to the **HEDIS Quick Reference Guide**, which can be found in the Clinical Resources/HEDIS section of our Provider website at https://www.bcbstx.com/ provider/medicaid/education\_reference.html.

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#### Well-Child Visits in the First 30 Months of Life (W30)

NCQA developed a new measure titled "W30", which includes two reported rates.

Well-Child Visits in the First 15 Months of Life:

Children who turned 15 months old during the measurement year and had six or more well-child visits.

#### Well-Child Visits for Age 15 Months-30 Months:

Children who turned 30 months old during the measurement year and had two or more well-child visits.

## Addition of Telehealth

Telehealth has been added to the W30 measure.

#### Removal of Hybrid Methodology

NCQA has eliminated the Hybrid methodology.

## **Helpful Tips**

- Take advantage of every office visit (including sick visits) to provide an ambulatory or preventive care visit and submit the appropriate codes
- Be sure to code all well-child visits with the NCQA approved codes to accurately capture all data.

## Child and Adolescent Well-Care Visits (WCV)

**Measure definition for WCV:** Children and Teenagers 3-21 years of age who had a well-visit with a PCP or OB/GYN during the measurement year

## Addition of Telehealth

Telehealth has been added to the WCV measure.

#### Removal of Hybrid Methodology

NCQA has eliminated the Hybrid methodology for the WCV measure.

## **Helpful Tips**

- Take advantage of every office visit (including sick visits, daycare and sports physicals) to provide an ambulatory or preventive care visit and submit the appropriate codes
- Be sure to code all well-child visits with the NCQA approved codes to accurately capture all data.
  Additional information on NCQA HEDIS codes can be found in the HEDIS Quick Reference Guide

## Weight Assessment and Counseling for Nutrition and Physical Activity for Children and Adolescents (WCC)

## **BMI Percentile Documentation**

**Measure definition for WCC:** Members 3 to 17 years of age who had an outpatient visit with a PCP or obstetrician/gynecologist (OB/GYN) and who had evidence of BMI percentile documentation. This includes the percentile ranking based on the Center for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) BMI-for-age growth charts, which indicates the relative position of the patient's BMI number among others of the same gender and age.

## **Documentation Requirements**

Must include height, weight and BMI percentile during the measurement year.

Either of the following meets criteria for BMI percentile:

- BMI percentile documented as a value (e.g., 85th percentile)
- BMI percentile plotted on an age-growth chart

Ranges and thresholds do not meet criteria for this indicator. A distinct BMI percentile is required for numerator compliance. Documentation of >99% or <1% meet criteria because a distinct BMI percentile is evident (i.e., 100% or 0%).

## Addition of Member Reporting

NCQA has added member reporting for biometric values (body mass index, height and weight).

Note: Member-reported biometric values (height, weight, BMI percentile) are acceptable if the information is collected by a primary care practitioner while taking a patient's history. The information must be recorded, dated and maintained in the member's health record.

## **Helpful Tips**

- Place BMI percentile charts near scales as a reminder to gather the information
- Because BMI norms for youth vary with age and gender, this measure evaluates whether BMI percentile is assessed rather than an absolute BMI value
- Along with BMI documentation, it's good to provide counseling for nutrition and physical activity to provide medically necessary comprehensive care

## **Counseling for Nutrition**

**Measure definition for WCC:** Members 3 to 17 years of age who had an outpatient visit with a PCP or obstetrician/ gynecologist (OB/GYN) and who had evidence of Counseling for Nutrition.

#### **Documentation Requirements**

Must include a note indicating the date and at least one of the following: discussion of current nutrition behaviors, checklist indicating nutrition was addressed, counseling or referral for nutrition education, weight or obesity counseling, anticipatory guidance for nutrition, or documentation of providing educational materials to the member. Documentation related to a member's appetite or a physical exam denoting the member as well- nourished is not compliant.

## **Helpful Tips**

• During each visit, it is important to discuss weight and BMI, current nutrition patterns, and the importance of physical activity



## **Counseling for Physical Activity**

**Measure definition for WCC:** Members 3 to 17 years of age who had an outpatient visit with a PCP or obstetrician/ gynecologist (OB/GYN) and who had evidence of Counseling for Physical Activity

#### **Documentation Requirements**

Must include a note indicating the date and at least one of the following: discussion of current physical activity behaviors, checklist indicating physical activity was addressed, counseling or referral for physical activity, weight or obesity counseling, anticipatory guidance specific to child's physical activity, documentation of providing educational materials to the member. Notation of screen time without mention of physical activity does not suffice. Notation of exercise-induced asthma does not comply with this measure.

## **Helpful Tips**

• During each visit, it is important to discuss weight and BMI, current nutrition patterns, and the importance of physical activity.

## **Childhood and Adolescent Immunizations**

**Measure definition for CIS-Combo 10:** Children who had the following vaccines by their second birthday (please refer to the Clinical Practice Guidelines for range of recommended ages for all children):

- Diphtheria Tetanus Pertussis (DTap): 4 doses
- Chickenpox (VZV): 1 dose
- Polio (IPV): 3 doses
- Pneumococcal Conjugate (PCV): 4 doses
- Measles Mumps Rubella (MMR): 1 dose
- Hepatitis A (HepA): 1 dose
- Haemophilus Influenzae Type B (HiB): 3 doses
- Rotavirus (RV): 2 or 3 doses
- Hepatitis B (HepB): 3 doses
- Influenza (Flu): 2 doses

**Measure definition for IMA:** Adolescents who had one dose of meningococcal vaccine, one tetanus, diphtheria toxoids and acellular pertussis (Tdap) vaccine, and have completed the human papillomavirus (HPV) vaccine series by their 13th birthday.

#### **Documentation Requirements**

- Vaccine name and date administered
- Document vaccines administered in State Immunization Information System
- History of illness (date) or seropositive result for the following: measles, mumps, rubella, chickenpox, or Hepatitis B
- Hepatitis B: Assess if first dose provided at birth. If so, document in medical record 'Hep B' at delivery
- For the two-dose HPV vaccination series, there must be at least 146 days between the first and second dose of the HPV vaccine

# **Helpful Tips**

- Review child's immunization record before every visit and administer needed vaccines
- Recommend immunizations to parents and educate parents on common misconceptions about vaccinations
- Administer the HPV vaccine at the same time as other vaccines. Inform parents that the full HPV vaccine series requires two or three shots
- Anaphylactic reaction due to vaccination can take place, and the appropriate codes should be used to document
- Call parents and/or give appointment cards to remind parents when vaccinations are due

## Appropriate Treatment of Children with Upper Respiratory Infection (URI)

**Measure definition for URI:** Members 3 months to 18 years of age who were diagnosed with an URI and were not dispensed an antibiotic prescription

## Documentation Requirements:

If you are are prescribing an antibiotic for a child with a URI, document the competing diagnosis. Use the proper diagnosis code on the claim to ensure you do not get inappropriately counted as prescribing an antibiotic for an URI.

# **Helpful Tips**

• Educate patients on the importance of only prescribing antibiotics when necessary





Refer to the BCBSTX Quick Reference Guide at https://www.bcbstx.com/provider/ medicaid/education\_reference.html and use appropriate HEDIS codes to reduce the need to send medical records later for review. Clinical Practice Guidelines can be found in the Clinical Resources/Clinical Practice Guidelines section of our Provider website at https://www.bcbstx.com/provider/medicaid/education\_reference.html.

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